

SCHEDULE OF RATES FOR BUILDING WORKS 2009 Study Guide

Schedule of Rates for Building Works 2009 is a comprehensive document that has historically played a vital role in the construction industry, especially within regions that rely on standardized costing methods for building projects. This schedule serves as a vital reference for contractors, project managers, quantity surveyors, and clients to estimate, plan, and execute construction works efficiently and transparently. The 2009 edition of the Schedule of Rates for Building Works provides a detailed compilation of unit rates for a wide range of building activities, materials, and services, ensuring consistency and fairness in pricing across various projects.

Understanding the significance of the 2009 Schedule of Rates is essential for stakeholders involved in the planning and execution of construction projects. It not only facilitates accurate cost estimation but also helps in evaluating tenders, managing budgets, and controlling project costs throughout the construction lifecycle. This article explores the key aspects of the Schedule of Rates for Building Works 2009, including its structure, updates, application, and importance in contemporary construction practices.

Overview of the Schedule of Rates for Building Works 2009

What is the Schedule of Rates?

The Schedule of Rates is a standardized pricing document that lists unit rates for various building activities, materials, and services. It provides a benchmark for pricing construction works, ensuring transparency and consistency across projects. The 2009 version reflects the prevailing market conditions, labor costs, material prices, and technological advancements as of that year.

Purpose and Uses

The primary purpose of the Schedule of Rates is to:

- Assist in preparing accurate cost estimates and tenders
- Serve as a basis for valuation and payments during project execution
- Facilitate fair comparison of bids from different contractors
- Provide a framework for cost control and project management

The 2009 edition is particularly valuable for projects initiated around that year or for historical cost

analysis.

Structure of the 2009 Schedule of Rates for Building Works

Categories and Sections

The Schedule is organized into various sections based on the nature of work. Common categories include:

- Site Preparation and Excavation
- Concrete Works
- Brickwork and Masonry
- Carpentry and Joinery
- Roofing and Cladding
- Plumbing and Drainage
- Electrical Works
- Finishes (Plastering, Painting, Tiling)
- Specialized Works (Elevators, HVAC, Fire Protection)

Each section contains detailed unit rates for specific tasks, materials, and labor components.

Unit Rates and Pricing Components

The rates in the schedule typically include:

- Material costs
- Labor wages and benefits
- Equipment and tool usage
- Overheads and indirect costs
- Profit margins

This comprehensive approach ensures that stakeholders have a clear understanding of the cost components involved in each activity.

Updating and Maintaining the Schedule of Rates

Importance of Updates

Construction costs are dynamic, influenced by fluctuations in material prices, labor rates, and

technological changes. The 2009 Schedule of Rates was developed to reflect the economic conditions of that period, but regular updates are necessary for accuracy and relevance.

Methods of Updating

Updates can be achieved through:

- Periodic reviews based on market surveys
- Inclusion of new construction technologies and methods
- Adjustments for inflation and wage rate changes

Many regions or organizations may produce supplementary manuals or addenda to the original schedule to maintain its applicability.

Application of the 2009 Schedule of Rates in Construction Projects

Cost Estimation and Tendering

Contractors utilize the schedule to prepare detailed cost estimates, ensuring their bids are competitive yet profitable. Clients and project managers rely on these estimates for budgeting and financial planning.

Contract Administration and Payments

During project execution, the schedule provides a basis for valuing completed works. It helps in verifying claims, evaluating variations, and processing payments in line with actual progress.

Cost Control and Management

By comparing actual costs against the rates in the schedule, project teams can identify overruns early and implement corrective measures to keep the project within budget.

Benefits of Using the Schedule of Rates for Building Works 2009

Ensures Fair Pricing and Transparency

Using a standardized schedule minimizes disputes over costs and promotes transparency among stakeholders.

Facilitates Efficient Project Planning

Accurate cost estimates improve planning accuracy and resource allocation, leading to smoother project execution.

Promotes Consistency Across Projects

Standardized rates provide a common reference point, making project comparisons and evaluations more straightforward.

Supports Cost Management and Control

Regular referencing to the schedule allows for ongoing monitoring and control of project expenses.

Limitations and Considerations

Market Fluctuations

Since the schedule is based on data from 2009, it may not accurately reflect current market prices. Users should consider applying appropriate adjustments or supplementary data.

Technological Advancements

Some construction methods or materials introduced after 2009 may not be covered, requiring additional reference or updated schedules.

Regional Variations

Costs can vary significantly based on location; therefore, users should adapt rates to local conditions where necessary.

Conclusion

The **schedule of rates for building works 2009** remains a valuable resource for stakeholders involved in construction projects, especially those that commenced or were planned around that period. Its detailed breakdown of unit rates, comprehensive coverage of building activities, and role in fostering transparency make it an indispensable tool for accurate cost estimation, tendering, and project management. While market conditions and technological changes may render some data outdated, understanding and effectively applying the 2009 schedule can significantly enhance project efficiency and financial control. For modern applications, it is recommended to supplement the 2009 rates with recent updates or regional adjustments to ensure cost accuracy and relevance.

Schedule of Rates for Building Works 2009: A Comprehensive Overview

The schedule of rates for building works 2009 stands as a pivotal reference document within the construction industry, shaping how contractors, project managers, and clients approach project costing, budgeting, and resource allocation. Released in 2009, this schedule offers a standardized framework for pricing various building activities, ensuring transparency, consistency, and fairness in contractual arrangements. As the industry evolves with technological advances and shifting economic conditions, understanding the intricacies of this schedule remains essential for stakeholders aiming to navigate the complexities of construction projects efficiently.

Understanding the Schedule of Rates for Building Works 2009

At its core, the schedule of rates (SOR) functions as a detailed catalog that assigns unit prices to a wide range of building activities. These prices encompass labor, materials, equipment, overheads, and profit margins, providing a comprehensive basis for cost estimation and valuation. The 2009 edition reflects the prevailing economic conditions, material costs, labor wages, and technological standards of its time, serving as a benchmark for projects initiated around that period.

Key Objectives of the 2009 Schedule of Rates:

- Standardization of pricing across projects
- Facilitation of transparent tendering processes
- Simplification of cost control and variation management
- Providing a reliable basis for valuation of work executed

Structure and Content of the 2009 Schedule of Rates

The schedule is meticulously organized into categories and subcategories, aligning with the typical phases and elements of building projects. This structured approach ensures ease of use, allowing stakeholders to quickly locate relevant rates for specific tasks.

Major Sections in the 2009 Schedule

- Site Preparation and Earthworks
- Foundations and Substructure
- Superstructure (Walls, Floors, Roofs)
- Finishes (Flooring, Wall Finishes, Ceilings)
- Fixtures and Fittings
- Mechanical and Electrical Installations
- External Works and Landscaping
- Specialist Works and Unique Constructions

Each section contains detailed unit rates for specific activities, such as excavation, concreting, brickwork, roofing, painting, and more. These rates incorporate the costs of labor (categorized by skill level), materials, machinery, and overheads, providing a comprehensive package.

How the Schedule of Rates is Developed

The 2009 schedule's development involved extensive surveys of prevailing market conditions, labor wages, material prices, and productivity rates. Consulting industry experts, contractors, and suppliers helped ensure that the rates were reflective of real-world costs at the time.

Process of formulation includes:

- Data collection from multiple projects
- Adjustments for regional variations
- Inclusion of inflation and market fluctuations
- Validation through industry feedback

This rigorous process ensures that the rates are not only theoretically sound but practically applicable, offering a reliable foundation for contractual agreements.

Practical Applications of the 2009 Schedule of Rates

The schedule serves multiple practical purposes in the construction process:

- Tendering and Bidding

Contractors use the schedule to prepare accurate bids by multiplying unit rates with the estimated quantities of work. This standardization reduces ambiguities and disputes, fostering fair competition.

- Cost Estimation and Budgeting

Project managers rely on the schedule to develop detailed cost estimates, enabling better financial planning and resource allocation.

- Variation and Change Management

During construction, changes are inevitable. The schedule provides predefined rates to evaluate

variations, ensuring that adjustments are accurately valued and reimbursed.

- Valuation of Work-in-Progress

The schedule assists in valuing partially completed work, facilitating interim payments and financial reporting.

Limitations and Considerations in Using the 2009 Schedule

While the schedule remains a valuable tool, users must be aware of certain limitations:

- Temporal Relevance: Prices from 2009 may no longer reflect current market conditions, necessitating adjustments for inflation or market changes.
- Regional Variations: The schedule may not account for regional differences in wages, materials, or regulations.
- Technological Changes: Advancements in construction technology after 2009 may render some rates outdated or less applicable.
- Project Specificity: Unique project requirements or specialized works might fall outside the scope of standard rates.

Therefore, practitioners often use the schedule as a baseline, supplementing it with current market data and professional judgment.

Updates and Evolution Since 2009

The construction industry is dynamic, with periodic updates to the schedule of rates to mirror changing economic realities. Subsequent editions have incorporated new technologies, sustainability standards, and market trends. However, the 2009 schedule remains relevant for projects initiated during that period or for comparative analysis.

Some key trends in the evolution of building rates include:

- Incorporation of green building practices
- Adjustments for labor safety standards
- Integration of digital construction methods
- Consideration for inflation and currency fluctuations

The Role of the 2009 Schedule in Contractual Frameworks

In many jurisdictions, the schedule of rates forms a contractual annexure or a standard reference document. Its use ensures fairness and clarity in contractual obligations, especially in cost-plus or re-measurement contracts.

Advantages include:

- Reducing negotiation time
- Minimizing disputes over pricing
- Enhancing transparency for clients and contractors

Legal and contractual frameworks often specify the scope and application of the schedule, emphasizing its importance in project management.

Conclusion: The Continuing Significance of the 2009 Schedule

Despite being over a decade old, the schedule of rates for building works 2009 continues to serve as a vital reference point within the construction industry. It exemplifies a systematic approach to cost estimation, promoting fairness and consistency across projects. While practitioners must adapt its rates considering current market conditions, its structured methodology and comprehensive coverage make it a foundational document in construction costing.

As the industry advances, periodic updates and contextual adjustments ensure that such schedules remain relevant, guiding stakeholders toward efficient, transparent, and financially sound project execution. For students, professionals, and clients alike, understanding the principles embedded in the 2009 schedule offers valuable insights into the art and science of construction costing? a cornerstone for successful project delivery.

Question What is the purpose of the Schedule of Rates for Building Works 2009? The Schedule of Rates for Building Works 2009 provides standardized pricing for various building tasks, ensuring consistency and fairness in estimating and contracting construction projects. How does the 2009 Schedule of Rates differ from previous versions? The 2009 version incorporates updated cost indices, new item descriptions, and revised unit rates to reflect market changes and technological advancements since earlier editions. Is the Schedule of Rates for Building Works 2009 applicable to all types of building projects? While primarily designed for public and private construction projects following standard procurement procedures, it can be adapted for various building works, but users should verify its suitability for specific project requirements. Where can I access the official Schedule of Rates for Building Works 2009? The official Schedule of Rates for Building Works 2009 is typically available through government publications, local authorities, or professional construction associations' websites. How should contractors use the 2009 Schedule of Rates when preparing bids? Contractors should reference the relevant items and unit rates in the Schedule to accurately

estimate costs, ensure competitiveness, and maintain consistency with standard pricing practices for building works.

Related keywords: building rates 2009, construction cost schedule, rate analysis building works, schedule of prices 2009, building tender rates, standard building rates 2009, construction cost estimates, schedule of quantities, building cost norms 2009, rate schedule for construction

Calendrier Foot 2009

calendrier foot 2009: A Comprehensive Guide to the 2009 Football Calendar

Understanding the **calendrier foot 2009** is essential for football fans, analysts, and enthusiasts eager to revisit a memorable season in football history. The year 2009 was packed with thrilling matches, pivotal tournaments, and unforgettable moments across various leagues and competitions worldwide. This guide provides an in-depth overview of the key events, important dates, and notable highlights that defined the 2009 football calendar.

Overview of the 2009 Football Calendar

The 2009 football season was a crucial year that saw major tournaments, league seasons, and international fixtures. It marked a period of intense competition and exceptional sporting moments.

Key Highlights of 2009:

- The UEFA Champions League final
- Major domestic league seasons in Europe
- International tournaments like the Africa Cup of Nations
- Transfer windows and player movements
- Major awards and recognitions

Major Football Events in 2009

UEFA Champions League 2008-2009

One of the most anticipated events of 2009 was the final of the UEFA Champions League, held in May. The tournament showcased Europe's top clubs battling for continental supremacy.

Key Details:

- Final Match Date: May 27, 2009
- Venue: Stadio Olimpico, Rome
- Teams: FC Barcelona vs. Manchester United
- Result: FC Barcelona won 2-0
- Goals: Samuel Eto'o and Lionel Messi

This victory marked Barcelona's third Champions League title and their first since 2006. The final was celebrated for its tactical brilliance, especially Barcelona's tiki-taka style of play.

Major Domestic Leagues in 2009

The 2008-2009 league seasons across Europe's top leagues were highly competitive.

Premier League (England):

- Champion: Manchester United
- Top Scorer: Didier Drogba (Chelsea) with 20 goals
- Notable Events: Manchester United secured the title on the final day, edging out Liverpool and Arsenal.

La Liga (Spain):

- Champion: FC Barcelona
- Top Scorer: Diego Forlán (Atlético Madrid) with 32 goals
- Notable Events: Barcelona's dominance was evident as they secured the title with a significant points margin.

Serie A (Italy):

- Champion: Internazionale
- Key Player: Zlatan Ibrahimović
- Notable Events: Inter claimed their fifth consecutive Serie A title under coach José Mourinho.

Bundesliga (Germany):

- Champion: VfL Wolfsburg
- Top Scorer: Grafite (Wolfsburg) with 28 goals
- Notable Events: Wolfsburg's unlikely title win was a highlight of the season.

International Tournaments in 2009

Africa Cup of Nations (AFCON) 2009:

- Host: Egypt
- Winner: Egypt
- Final Match: Egypt defeated Cameroon 4-2 on penalties after a 0-0 draw
- Significance: Egypt's seventh AFCON title, reinforcing their dominance in African football.

Other Key International Fixtures:

- FIFA World Cup qualifiers continued across continents.
- UEFA European Championship qualifying matches commenced, setting the stage for Euro 2012.

Transfer Windows and Player Movements in 2009

The 2009 transfer window was marked by high-profile moves and strategic signings that reshaped team compositions.

Major Transfers:

- Cristiano Ronaldo moved from Manchester United to Real Madrid (announced in 2009, finalized in 2009 summer)
- Kaka transferred from AC Milan to Real Madrid
- David Villa joined Barcelona from Valencia

Notable Trends:

- Increased spending by top clubs
- Emergence of young talents like Mesut Özil and Fernando Torres
- Strategic acquisitions aimed at strengthening Champions League prospects

Key Fixtures and Matchdays in 2009

To understand the flow of the season, reviewing key matchdays and fixtures is essential.

Major Matchdays:

- UEFA Champions League Group Stage: September to December 2008
- Knockout Stages: March to May 2009
- Domestic League Derbies and Clashes: Varied across leagues, notably El Clásico (Barcelona vs. Real Madrid) and Manchester Derby

Important Dates:

- Start of the 2008-2009 Premier League Season: August 2008
- UEFA Champions League Final: May 27, 2009
- Africa Cup of Nations Final: February 2009

Notable Players and Awards in 2009

The year 2009 was a showcase of individual brilliance and emerging talents.

Major Awards:

- Ballon d'Or 2009: Cristiano Ronaldo
- FIFA World Player of the Year: Cristiano Ronaldo
- UEFA Best Player in Europe: Cristiano Ronaldo

Top Players of 2009:

- Lionel Messi ? for his exceptional performances with Barcelona
- Cristiano Ronaldo ? for his goal-scoring prowess and influence
- Zlatan Ibrahimović ? for his impact at Inter Milan
- Didier Drogba ? key player for Chelsea

How to Use the 2009 Football Calendar for Fans and Analysts

Understanding the 2009 calendar helps fans reminisce, analyze team performances, and grasp the

historical context of football developments.

Tips for Engagement:

- Review match results and highlight reels from key fixtures
- Analyze team strategies during crucial moments
- Track player career milestones achieved in 2009
- Use the calendar to compare with current seasons for trends

Conclusion: The Legacy of the 2009 Football Season

The **calendrier foot 2009** remains a significant chapter in football history. It was a year marked by memorable victories, strategic transfers, and legendary performances that still influence the sport today. Whether revisiting FC Barcelona's groundbreaking style, analyzing Manchester United's resilience, or celebrating Egypt's African dominance, 2009 offered a rich tapestry of football excellence.

By understanding the key events, dates, and players of 2009, fans and analysts can appreciate the evolution of football over the past decades. The season's highlights continue to inspire future generations and shape the strategies of clubs worldwide.

Keywords: calendrier foot 2009, football season 2009, UEFA Champions League 2009, football transfers 2009, top players 2009, major football tournaments 2009, football highlights 2009, European leagues 2009, African Cup of Nations 2009, football history

Understanding the calendrier foot 2009: An In-Depth Guide to the 2009 Football Calendar

The calendrier foot 2009 holds a special place in the history of football, marking a year filled with memorable matches, pivotal tournaments, and significant shifts in the sport's landscape. Whether you're a football enthusiast, a sports historian, or a casual fan revisiting past seasons, understanding the nuances of the 2009 football calendar can deepen your appreciation for the sport's rhythm and evolution during that period.

In this comprehensive guide, we will explore the key components of the calendrier foot 2009, including major tournaments, league schedules, transfer windows, and notable events that defined the year. By the end, you'll have a detailed understanding of how the football calendar unfolded in 2009 and why it remains significant today.

Overview of the 2009 Football Calendar

The calendrier foot 2009 was characterized by a packed schedule that intertwined domestic leagues, international tournaments, and club competitions. This year was particularly notable because it served as a pivotal point between the 2008/09 season and the 2009/10 season, with various competitions overlapping or following one another closely.

Key elements of the 2009 football calendar included:

- The continuation and conclusion of domestic league seasons across Europe
- Major international tournaments such as the Africa Cup of Nations
- The UEFA Champions League and UEFA Europa League fixtures
- Transfer windows shaping club squads for upcoming seasons
- Special events, friendlies, and qualifiers

Major Tournaments and International Fixtures in 2009

Africa Cup of Nations 2009

One of the standout events in the calendrier foot 2009 was the Africa Cup of Nations (AFCON), held in Ghana from January 3 to February 12, 2009. This tournament drew global attention and featured top African national teams competing for continental supremacy.

Highlights of AFCON 2009:

- Ghana emerged as champions, defeating Egypt 1-0 in the final.
- The tournament showcased emerging talents and established stars, like Asamoah Gyan and Michael Essien.
- It served as a crucial platform for players to showcase their skills to European clubs.

Impact on the Calendar:

- The AFCON caused a mid-season break for many African players in European leagues.
- Clubs had to manage player absences and international commitments.

UEFA European Competitions

The 2008/09 UEFA Champions League and Europa League seasons were in their knockout phases during 2009.

UEFA Champions League 2008/09:

- The final was held on May 27, 2009, at the Stadio Olimpico in Rome.
- FC Barcelona defeated Manchester United 2-0 to claim their third Champions League title.
- The tournament featured iconic matches, including the semi-final clash between Barcelona and Chelsea.

UEFA Europa League 2008/09:

- The final took place on May 20, 2009, in Istanbul.
- Shakhtar Donetsk from Ukraine won their first major European trophy by defeating Werder Bremen.

Significance:

- These tournaments attracted global viewership and contributed to the club calendar's intensity.
- They influenced transfer strategies and club ambitions for the upcoming season.

International Friendlies and Qualifiers

While Euro 2008 was held in Austria and Switzerland in June 2008, the qualification process for the 2010 FIFA World Cup in South Africa was ongoing in 2009.

FIFA World Cup 2010 Qualifiers in 2009:

- Many European, African, and Asian teams played qualifiers.
- Notable matches included intense playoff battles and surprises that shaped the qualification landscape.

Impact on the Calendar:

- National teams scheduled friendly matches to prepare for upcoming qualifiers and tournaments.
- Clubs had to release players for international duty, affecting domestic fixtures.

Domestic Leagues and Key Fixtures

European Top Leagues in 2009

The 2008/09 season saw intense competition across Europe's top leagues, shaping the calendar for 2009.

Premier League (England):

- Manchester United secured their 11th league title.
- The season ended in May 2009, with notable matches including the dramatic late-season title race.

La Liga (Spain):

- FC Barcelona finished as champions, completing a treble-winning season (League, Copa del Rey, Champions League).
- Real Madrid finished third but made significant signings for the next season.

Serie A (Italy):

- Internazionale, managed by José Mourinho, won the league, marking their first title in several years.
- The season concluded in May, with the traditional fixtures and derbies.

Ligue 1 (France):

- Bordeaux clinched the title, with Paris Saint-Germain finishing second.
- The league season ran from August 2008 to May 2009.

Bundesliga (Germany):

- VfL Wolfsburg surprised many by winning the league.
- The season also concluded in May.

Key Takeaways:

- Domestic leagues typically ran from August 2008 to May 2009.
- The end-of-season fixtures in May set the stage for summer transfers and preparations for the next season.

Transfer Windows in 2009

The transfer window is a critical component of the calendrier foot 2009, shaping team compositions for upcoming seasons.

Winter Transfer Window:

- Opened in January 2009.
- Major moves included players like Ruud van Nistelrooy's transfer to Hamburg SV and notable mid-season signings aimed at strengthening title contenders.

Summer Transfer Window:

- Opened on June 1 and closed at the end of August 2009.
- High-profile transfers included:
 - Cristiano Ronaldo's transfer from Manchester United to Real Madrid (finalized in June 2009)
 - David Villa to Barcelona
 - Robinho's move to Manchester City

Impacts:

- Clubs aimed to bolster squads for the 2009/10 season.
- The transfer window was marked by record-breaking fees and strategic signings.

Special Events and Noteworthy Moments of 2009

Legendary Matches and Moments:

- Barcelona's treble-winning season, culminating in their Champions League victory.
- The rise of Wolfsburg as Bundesliga champions.
- Historic performances in international qualifiers, including underdog victories.

Emerging Talents:

- The 2009 season featured future stars like Mesut Özil, Thomas Müller, and Sergio Agüero making headlines.

Impact of the Year:

- 2009 was a bridge between the pre- and post-2010 World Cup era, influencing player careers and club strategies.
- It also set the stage for major club developments and rivalries in the following decade.

Conclusion: The Legacy of the calendrier foot 2009

The calendrier foot 2009 offers a fascinating glimpse into a pivotal year in football history. From thrilling continental tournaments to groundbreaking club transfers, the year was packed with excitement and change. Understanding this calendar helps fans and analysts appreciate the sport's rhythm and the strategic planning that goes into scheduling such a complex array of competitions.

Whether revisiting Barcelona's historic treble, the emergence of Wolfsburg, or the intense qualifiers for the 2010 World Cup, the 2009 football calendar remains a testament to the sport's global appeal and continuous evolution. As we look back, this year exemplifies how football seamlessly blends tradition with innovation, creating moments that resonate for years to come.

Remember: The calendrier foot 2009 is more than just dates; it's a chronicle of passion, rivalry, and unforgettable moments that continue to inspire fans around the world.

Question Quels sont les principaux événements du calendrier foot 2009 en France et en Europe ? Le calendrier foot 2009 comprenait des événements majeurs comme la Ligue des Champions, la Ligue 1, la Coupe d'Italie, la Bundesliga, et l'Euro 2008-2009. La Ligue des Champions a vu le FC Barcelone remporter le titre, tandis que la Ligue 1 a été dominée par Bordeaux. **Comment consulter le calendrier officiel du football pour 2009 ?** Le calendrier officiel du football 2009 était disponible sur les sites des fédérations nationales, de l'UEFA, et de la FIFA. De plus, les magazines sportifs et les sites spécialisés publiaient régulièrement les dates des matchs et des compétitions. **Quels étaient les grands matchs à ne pas manquer dans le calendrier foot 2009 ?** Parmi les matchs incontournables figuraient la finale de la Ligue des Champions entre Barcelone et Manchester United, ainsi que les rencontres clés de la Coupe du Monde des clubs, et les derbies européens comme le Classique PSG-OM. **Comment le calendrier foot 2009 a-t-il été affecté par la pandémie ou d'autres événements majeurs ?** En 2009, il n'y avait pas de pandémie mondiale comme celle de 2020, mais certains matchs ont été reportés ou modifiés en raison de conditions météorologiques extrêmes ou d'autres événements exceptionnels, bien que l'impact ait été moins significatif qu'en 2020. **Quelles sont les sources fiables pour accéder au calendrier foot 2009 pour les recherches historiques ou sportives ?** Les sources fiables incluent le site officiel de l'UEFA, la

FIFA, la Fédération Française de Football (FFF), ainsi que des archives sportives comme ESPN, Soccerway, et les sites spécialisés dans l'histoire du football.

Related keywords: calendrier football 2009, calendrier sportif 2009, match de football 2009, calendrier Ligue 1 2009, calendrier UEFA 2009, calendrier football international 2009, calendrier championnat 2009, calendrier matchs football 2009, calendrier compétitions football 2009, calendrier football européen 2009

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